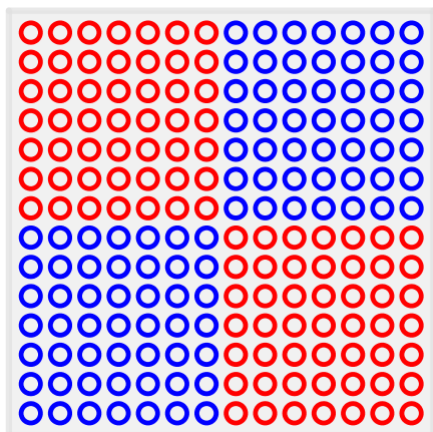
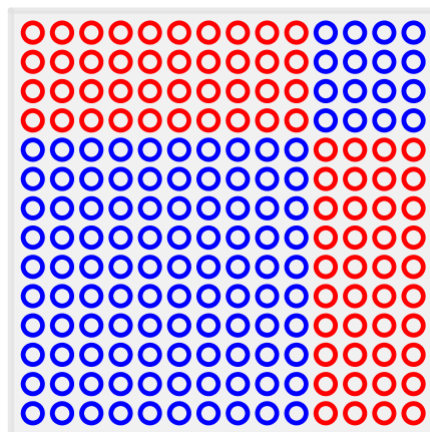


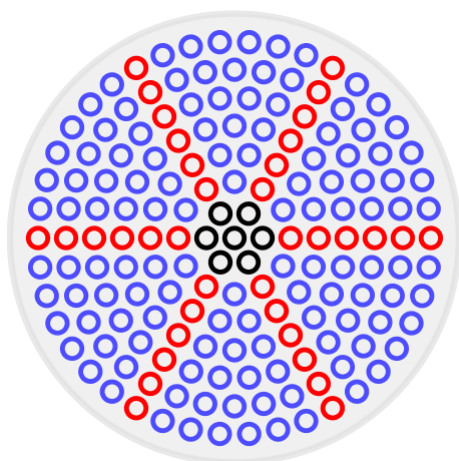
3.12 Eksempler på inddelinger af perleplader og tilhørende regneudtryk



$$4 \cdot (7 \cdot 7) = 4 \cdot 49 = 4 \cdot (50 - 1) \\ = 200 - 4 = 196$$

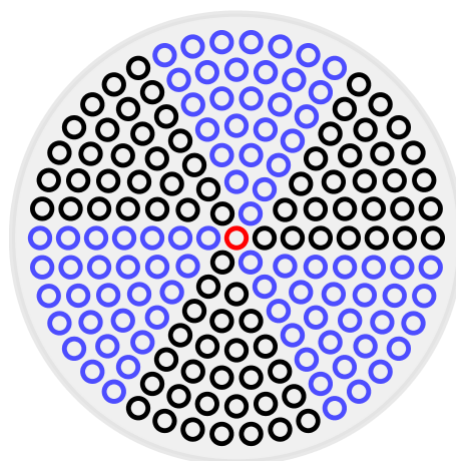


$$10 \cdot 10 + 4 \cdot 10 + 10 \cdot 4 + 4 \cdot 4 \\ = 100 + 2 \cdot 40 + 16 = 196$$



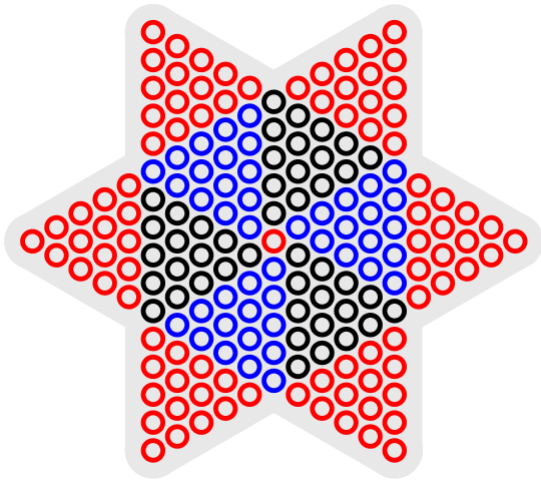
$$21 \cdot 6 + 6 \cdot 6 + 7 = 169$$

6 "lagkagestykker" + de 6 perler mellem hvert stykke + "midterblomst"

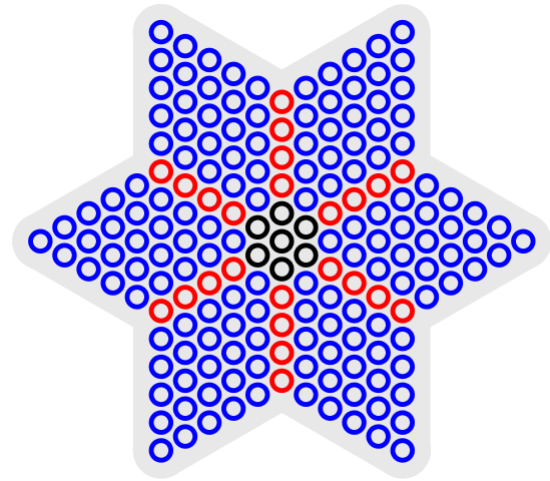


$$6 \cdot (7 + 6 + 5 + 4 + 3 + 2 + 1) + 1 \\ = 6 \cdot 28 + 1 = 169$$

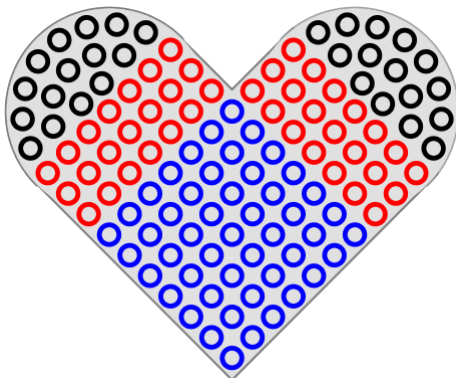
6 store lagkagestykker + midten



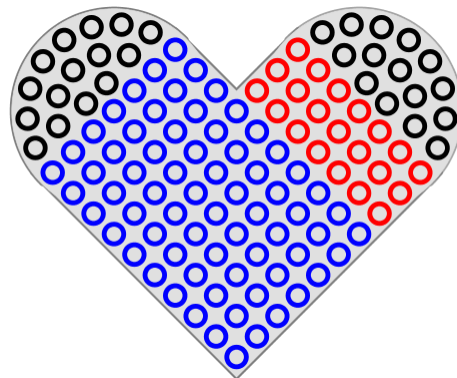
$6 \cdot 15 + 6 \cdot 15 = 12 \cdot 15 + 1 = 181$
 Takkerne + tilsvarende "indre" takker + midten



$6 \cdot 5 \cdot 5 + 6 \cdot 4 + 7 = 29 \cdot 6 + 7 = 181$
 Seks romber a fem gange fem + seks gange fire perler mellem hver rombe + "midterblomst"



$7 \cdot 7 + 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 7 + 2 \cdot 15 = 121$
 Kvadrat, to rektangler og resten af "buerne"



$7 \cdot 10 + 3 \cdot 7 + 2 \cdot 15 = 121$
 Stort rektangel, mindre rektangel og resten af "buerne"